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5-[(1*H*-Benzimidazol-1-yl)methyl]benzene-1,3-dicarboxylic acid

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 293 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.042; wR factor = 0.098; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.6.

Crystals of the title compound, C₁₆H₁₂N₂O₄, were obtained accidentally from a hydrothermal reaction of 5-[(1H-benzimidazol-1-vl)methyl]isophthalic acid with manganese bromide in the presence of N,N'-dimethylformamide. In the title molecule, the benzimidazole ring system is almost planar, with a maximum deviation from the mean plane of 0.010 (2) Å. The benzimidazole and central benzene rings are inclined at a dihedral angle of 71.7 (6) $^{\circ}$. The crystal structure is stabilized by $O-H \cdots N$ and $O-H \cdots O$ hydrogen bonds.

Related literature

For background information on the title compound, see: Das & Bharadwaj (2009). For a related structure, see: Kuai & Cheng (2011).



Experimental

Crystal data C16H12N2O4

 $M_r = 296.28$

Triclinic, P1	
a = 7.7159 (11) Å	
b = 8.4559 (12) Å	
c = 10.9742 (15) Å	
$\alpha = 97.286 \ (2)^{\circ}$	
$\beta = 104.928 \ (2)^{\circ}$	
$\gamma = 98.029 \ (2)^{\circ}$	

Data collection

3620 measured reflections
2499 independent reflections
1401 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
$R_{\rm int} = 0.024$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$	199 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.098$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 0.84	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.18 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
2499 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.17 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
$\begin{matrix} O3-H12\cdots O2^i\\ O1-H11\cdots N2^{ii} \end{matrix}$	0.82	1.84	2.574 (2)	147
	0.82	1.76	2.553 (2)	162

Symmetry codes: (i) x, y - 1, z; (ii) x - 1, y, z - 1.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2008); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2008); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: DIAMOND (Brandenburg, 2000); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: PV2480).

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Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112-122.

organic compounds

 $V = 675.07 (16) \text{ Å}^3$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

 $0.20 \times 0.20 \times 0.20$ mm

 $\mu = 0.11 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 293 K

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o3299 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811047416]

5-[(1H-Benzimidazol-1-yl)methyl]benzene-1,3-dicarboxylic acid

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Comment

The title compound is regarded as an excellent candidate for building block in molecular self-assembly engineering due to its variable conformation and coordination modes (Das & Bharadwaj, 2009). During preparation of coordination polymers, we accidentally obtained single crystals of the title compound by the hydrothermal reaction at 393 K of 5-((1H-benzo[d])) is preparation of coordination with manganese bromide in the presence of *N*,*N*-dimethylformamide.

Although crystallized from an alkaline solution, the title compound retained the carboxylic groups in the crystal structure (Fig. 1). The benzimidazolyl ring and the central benzene ring are inclined at a dihedral angle of 71.7 (6) °. In the crystal structure, there exist O—H···N and O—H···O hydrogen bonds (Table 1). The carboxylate groups and the N atom in the benzimidazolyl group as donor or acceptor play very important role in the formation of these hydrogen bonds.

Experimental

A mixture of MnBr₂ (21.5 mg, 0.1 mmol), 5-((1H-benzo[d]imidazol-1-yl)methyl)isophthalic acid (29.6 mg, 0.1 mmol) and 2 ml *N*,*N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) in 10 ml H₂O was sealed in a 16 ml Teflon-lined stainless steel container and heated to 393 K for 3 days. After cooling the stainless steel container to room temperature, colorless block crystals of the title compound were obtained.

Refinement

All hydrogen atoms were included at geometrically idealized positions and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with C—H = 0.93 or 0.97, O—H = 0.82 Å and $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C/O)$.

Figures



Fig. 1. : The crystal structure of the title compound showing 30% probability displacement ellipsoids.

5-[(1H-Benzimidazol-1-yl)methyl]benzene-1,3-dicarboxylic acid

Crystal data

C ₁₆ H ₁₂ N ₂ O ₄	Z = 2
$M_r = 296.28$	F(000) = 308

Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$
Hall symbol: -P 1
<i>a</i> = 7.7159 (11) Å
<i>b</i> = 8.4559 (12) Å
c = 10.9742 (15) Å
$\alpha = 97.286 \ (2)^{\circ}$
$\beta = 104.928 \ (2)^{\circ}$
$\gamma = 98.029 \ (2)^{\circ}$
$V = 675.07 (16) \text{ Å}^3$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD diffractometer	2499 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	1401 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
graphite	$R_{\rm int} = 0.024$
ϕ and ω scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.6^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.0^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)	$h = -8 \rightarrow 9$
$T_{\min} = 0.979, T_{\max} = 0.979$	$k = -10 \rightarrow 9$
3620 measured reflections	$l = -11 \rightarrow 13$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.098$	H-atom parameters constrained
<i>S</i> = 0.84	$w = 1/[\sigma^{2}(F_{o}^{2}) + (0.0392P)^{2}]$ where $P = (F_{o}^{2} + 2F_{c}^{2})/3$
2499 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
199 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.18 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.17 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

 $D_{\rm x} = 1.458 {\rm Mg m}^{-3}$

 $\theta = 2.8-25.0^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.11 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 293 KBlock, colorless $0.20 \times 0.20 \times 0.20 \text{ mm}$

Mo K α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å Cell parameters from 796 reflections

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc*. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
C1	0.8649 (3)	0.3096 (2)	0.61209 (17)	0.0400 (5)
C2	0.7615 (3)	0.3686 (2)	0.50979 (18)	0.0426 (5)
H1	0.7649	0.4796	0.5144	0.051*
C3	0.6533 (3)	0.2632 (2)	0.40097 (17)	0.0378 (5)
C4	0.6482 (3)	0.0979 (2)	0.39490 (17)	0.0386 (5)
H2	0.5757	0.0268	0.3222	0.046*
C5	0.7503 (3)	0.0376 (2)	0.49609 (17)	0.0368 (5)
C6	0.8591 (3)	0.1451 (2)	0.60419 (18)	0.0414 (5)
Н3	0.9289	0.1052	0.6720	0.050*
C7	0.5439 (3)	0.3280 (3)	0.29147 (18)	0.0442 (6)
C8	0.7429 (3)	-0.1397 (3)	0.4906 (2)	0.0443 (6)
C9	0.9807 (3)	0.4336 (3)	0.72598 (18)	0.0572 (7)
Н5	1.0883	0.4833	0.7053	0.069*
H4	0.9121	0.5180	0.7417	0.069*
C10	1.2110 (3)	0.3646 (3)	0.9087 (2)	0.0513 (6)
Н6	1.3127	0.4067	0.8847	0.062*
C11	1.0403 (3)	0.2516 (2)	1.01338 (19)	0.0470 (6)
C12	0.9243 (3)	0.2953 (3)	0.9078 (2)	0.0462 (6)
C13	0.7369 (3)	0.2658 (3)	0.8840 (2)	0.0618 (7)
H7	0.6604	0.2964	0.8140	0.074*
C14	0.6703 (4)	0.1887 (3)	0.9698 (3)	0.0737 (8)
H8	0.5448	0.1652	0.9568	0.088*
C15	0.7851 (4)	0.1444 (3)	1.0760 (2)	0.0706 (8)
Н9	0.7340	0.0933	1.1320	0.085*
C16	0.9705 (4)	0.1743 (3)	1.0997 (2)	0.0580 (7)
H10	1.0465	0.1443	1.1702	0.070*
N1	1.0380 (2)	0.3660 (2)	0.84266 (15)	0.0468 (5)
N2	1.2195 (2)	0.2965 (2)	1.01142 (15)	0.0500 (5)
01	0.44624 (19)	0.21783 (16)	0.19787 (12)	0.0559 (5)
H11	0.3897	0.2606	0.1410	0.067*
O2	0.5500 (2)	0.47226 (18)	0.29074 (14)	0.0763 (6)
03	0.6485 (2)	-0.22162 (17)	0.37611 (13)	0.0693 (5)
H12	0.6465	-0.3189	0.3759	0.083*
O4	0.8127 (2)	-0.20331 (17)	0.57734 (14)	0.0627 (5)

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\hat{A}^2)

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$
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	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0523 (13)	0.0322 (12)	0.0251 (11)	0.0059 (10)	-0.0061 (10)	0.0038 (9)
C2	0.0582 (14)	0.0295 (12)	0.0301 (11)	0.0073 (10)	-0.0053 (10)	0.0060 (9)
C3	0.0472 (12)	0.0316 (12)	0.0269 (11)	0.0057 (10)	-0.0024 (9)	0.0049 (9)
C4	0.0488 (12)	0.0319 (12)	0.0260 (11)	0.0045 (10)	-0.0026 (9)	0.0024 (9)
C5	0.0457 (12)	0.0308 (11)	0.0285 (11)	0.0074 (10)	0.0006 (10)	0.0056 (9)
C6	0.0524 (13)	0.0375 (13)	0.0277 (11)	0.0109 (10)	-0.0040 (10)	0.0103 (9)

supplementary materials

C7	0.0560 (14)	0.0338 (13)	0.0306 (12)	0.0073 (11)	-0.0087 (10)	0.0049 (10)
C8	0.0558 (14)	0.0362 (13)	0.0347 (12)	0.0078 (11)	0.0015 (11)	0.0072 (10)
C9	0.0806 (16)	0.0403 (14)	0.0310 (12)	0.0045 (12)	-0.0160 (12)	0.0063 (10)
C10	0.0565 (14)	0.0437 (14)	0.0379 (13)	0.0015 (11)	-0.0093 (11)	0.0046 (11)
C11	0.0629 (16)	0.0365 (13)	0.0314 (12)	0.0094 (11)	-0.0025 (11)	0.0016 (10)
C12	0.0590 (15)	0.0357 (13)	0.0322 (12)	0.0090 (11)	-0.0042 (11)	-0.0013 (10)
C13	0.0595 (17)	0.0625 (18)	0.0514 (16)	0.0143 (13)	-0.0037 (13)	0.0015 (13)
C14	0.0649 (17)	0.080 (2)	0.0678 (19)	0.0068 (15)	0.0142 (16)	-0.0015 (16)
C15	0.084 (2)	0.0659 (19)	0.0587 (18)	0.0081 (16)	0.0218 (16)	0.0031 (14)
C16	0.0863 (19)	0.0445 (15)	0.0366 (14)	0.0116 (14)	0.0055 (14)	0.0072 (11)
N1	0.0584 (12)	0.0393 (11)	0.0279 (10)	0.0077 (9)	-0.0126 (9)	0.0047 (8)
N2	0.0597 (12)	0.0471 (12)	0.0320 (10)	0.0092 (10)	-0.0076 (9)	0.0081 (9)
O1	0.0717 (10)	0.0413 (9)	0.0345 (8)	0.0105 (8)	-0.0204 (8)	0.0056 (7)
O2	0.1136 (14)	0.0305 (9)	0.0515 (10)	0.0101 (9)	-0.0338 (9)	0.0070 (7)
O3	0.1078 (13)	0.0281 (9)	0.0467 (10)	0.0108 (9)	-0.0202 (9)	0.0025 (7)
O4	0.0939 (12)	0.0384 (9)	0.0431 (9)	0.0145 (9)	-0.0078 (9)	0.0142 (7)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—C6	1.377 (3)	С9—Н4	0.9700
C1—C2	1.392 (2)	C10—N2	1.320 (3)
С1—С9	1.513 (2)	C10—N1	1.347 (2)
C2—C3	1.387 (2)	С10—Н6	0.9300
С2—Н1	0.9300	C11—N2	1.388 (3)
C3—C4	1.386 (2)	C11—C16	1.391 (3)
С3—С7	1.493 (3)	C11—C12	1.395 (3)
C4—C5	1.385 (2)	C12—C13	1.382 (3)
C4—H2	0.9300	C12—N1	1.387 (3)
С5—С6	1.392 (2)	C13—C14	1.374 (4)
С5—С8	1.485 (3)	С13—Н7	0.9300
С6—Н3	0.9300	C14—C15	1.398 (3)
С7—О2	1.215 (2)	C14—H8	0.9300
C7—O1	1.286 (2)	C15—C16	1.367 (3)
C8—O4	1.197 (2)	С15—Н9	0.9300
C8—O3	1.325 (2)	C16—H10	0.9300
C9—N1	1.458 (3)	O1—H11	0.8200
С9—Н5	0.9700	O3—H12	0.8200
C6—C1—C2	119.24 (17)	Н5—С9—Н4	107.7
C6—C1—C9	123.83 (17)	N2-C10-N1	112.3 (2)
C2—C1—C9	116.92 (18)	N2	123.9
C3—C2—C1	120.61 (19)	N1—C10—H6	123.9
С3—С2—Н1	119.7	N2-C11-C16	130.2 (2)
С1—С2—Н1	119.7	N2-C11-C12	109.0 (2)
C4—C3—C2	119.40 (18)	C16—C11—C12	120.8 (2)
C4—C3—C7	120.48 (17)	C13—C12—N1	132.3 (2)
C2—C3—C7	120.12 (18)	C13—C12—C11	122.4 (2)
C5—C4—C3	120.58 (17)	N1-C12-C11	105.34 (19)
С5—С4—Н2	119.7	C14—C13—C12	116.1 (2)
С3—С4—Н2	119.7	C14—C13—H7	122.0

C4—C5—C6	119.27 (18)	С12—С13—Н7	122.0
C4—C5—C8	120.67 (17)	C13—C14—C15	122.1 (3)
C6—C5—C8	120.06 (17)	С13—С14—Н8	119.0
C1—C6—C5	120.90 (17)	С15—С14—Н8	119.0
С1—С6—Н3	119.6	C16—C15—C14	121.7 (3)
С5—С6—Н3	119.6	С16—С15—Н9	119.1
O2—C7—O1	123.42 (18)	С14—С15—Н9	119.1
O2—C7—C3	122.59 (18)	C15—C16—C11	116.9 (2)
O1—C7—C3	113.98 (18)	C15—C16—H10	121.5
O4—C8—O3	123.1 (2)	C11—C16—H10	121.5
O4—C8—C5	125.28 (19)	C10—N1—C12	107.49 (17)
O3—C8—C5	111.58 (18)	C10—N1—C9	126.3 (2)
N1—C9—C1	113.68 (18)	C12—N1—C9	126.15 (19)
N1—C9—H5	108.8	C10—N2—C11	105.86 (18)
С1—С9—Н5	108.8	C7—O1—H11	109.5
N1—C9—H4	108.8	C8—O3—H12	109.5
C1—C9—H4	108.8		
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.1 (3)	N2-C11-C12-C13	179.95 (18)
C9—C1—C2—C3	179.18 (19)	C16-C11-C12-C13	0.5 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.2 (3)	N2-C11-C12-N1	0.4 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C7	-179.6 (2)	C16-C11-C12-N1	-179.05 (19)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.1 (3)	N1-C12-C13-C14	178.6 (2)
C7—C3—C4—C5	179.7 (2)	C11-C12-C13-C14	-0.8 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.3 (3)	C12—C13—C14—C15	0.8 (4)
C3—C4—C5—C8	179.06 (19)	C13-C14-C15-C16	-0.6 (4)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.6 (3)	C14—C15—C16—C11	0.3 (4)
C9—C1—C6—C5	-179.6 (2)	N2-C11-C16-C15	-179.5 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.7 (3)	C12-C11-C16-C15	-0.2 (3)
C8—C5—C6—C1	-178.7 (2)	N2-C10-N1-C12	0.8 (2)
C4—C3—C7—O2	-177.0 (2)	N2-C10-N1-C9	179.20 (18)
C2—C3—C7—O2	2.9 (3)	C13-C12-N1-C10	179.8 (2)
C4—C3—C7—O1	1.7 (3)	C11-C12-N1-C10	-0.7 (2)
C2—C3—C7—O1	-178.42 (18)	C13—C12—N1—C9	1.4 (4)
C4—C5—C8—O4	-172.8 (2)	C11—C12—N1—C9	-179.11 (18)
C6—C5—C8—O4	6.6 (3)	C1C9N1C10	118.4 (2)
C4—C5—C8—O3	7.3 (3)	C1C9N1C12	-63.5 (3)
C6—C5—C8—O3	-173.30 (18)	N1-C10-N2-C11	-0.5 (2)
C6—C1—C9—N1	-19.5 (3)	C16-C11-N2-C10	179.4 (2)
C2-C1-C9-N1	161.5 (2)	C12-C11-N2-C10	0.1 (2)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H…A	$D \cdots A$	$D\!\!-\!\!\mathrm{H}^{\ldots}\!A$
O3—H12···O2 ⁱ	0.82	1.84	2.574 (2)	147.
O1—H11···N2 ⁱⁱ	0.82	1.76	2.553 (2)	162.
Symmetry codes: (i) <i>x</i> , <i>y</i> -1, <i>z</i> ; (ii) <i>x</i> -1, <i>y</i> , <i>z</i> -1.				

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Fig. 1

